LCD MODULE LCD700RLBJ-03-100N

PRODUCT : LCD MODULE

MODEL NO : LCD700RLBJ-03-100N

SUPPLIER : LCD Mikroelektronik GmbH

DATE : Apr.07.2020

SPECIFICATION

Prepared by	Checked	Approved

CUSTOMER: MODEL NO.:

Checked	Department
	Checked

DATE:

ADD: Otto-Lilienthal-Str. 13, D-76275 Ettlingen

E-mail: lcd@lcd-mikroelektronik.de

Web: http://www.lcd-mikroelektronik.com



CONTENTS

1. General Specifications	4
2. Mechanical Drawing	5
3.PIN Assignment	6
4. Absolute Maximum Rating	7
5. Electrical Characteristics	7
5.1. Recommended Operating Condition	7
5.2. Recommended Driving Condition for Backlight	7
6. Timing Characteristics	8
6.1. AC Electrical Characteristics	8
6.2. DC Electrical Characteristics	9
6.3. Timing	10
6.4. Data input format	11
6.5. Power ON/OFF Sequence	12
7. Optical Characteristics	12
8. Environmental/Reliability Test	15
9. Packing Drawing	16
10. Standard Specifications For Product Quality	17
11. Precautions for Use of LCD Modules	21
12. Prior Consult Matter	25
13. Factory	25



Revision Record

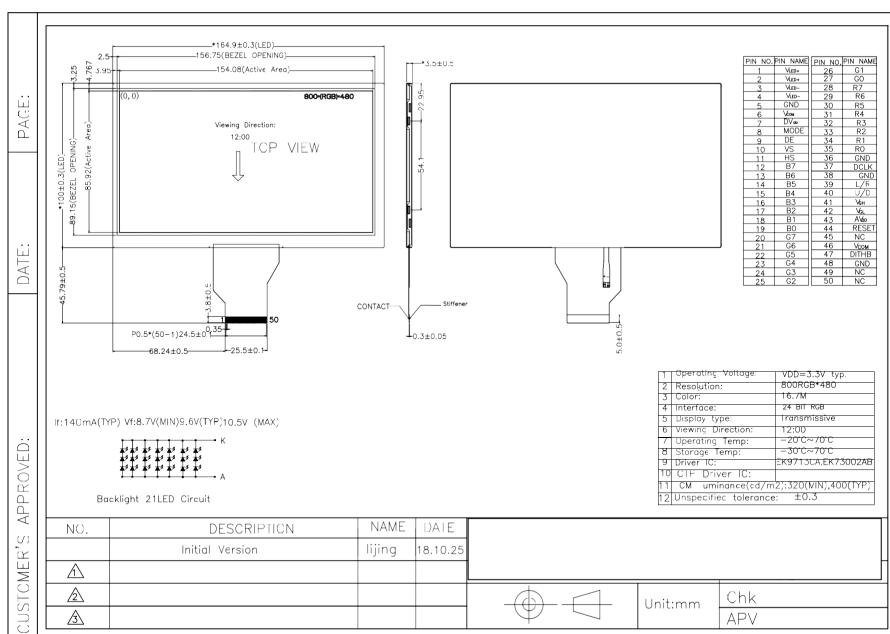
Rev No.	Rev Date	Contents	Page
1.0	Oct.26.2018	New creation	All
1.1	Jul.01.2019	Add VCOM,VGH,VGL,AVDD	P8
1.2	Apr.07.2020	Add max&min value of VCOM,VGH,VGL,AVDD	P8



1. General Specifications

No	Item	Contents	Unit
1	Size	7.0	inch
2	Resolution	800RGB*480	
3	Interface	24 BIT RGB	
4	Color Depth	16.7	Million
5	Technology Type	a-Si TFT	
6	Sub pixel size	0.0642*0.179	mm
7	Pixel Arrangement	RGB-stripe	
8	Display Mode	Transmissive,TN,NW	
9	Viewing Direction	12:00	o'clock
10	LCM (W x H x D)	164.9*100*3.5	mm
11	Active Area (W x H)	154.08*85.92	mm
12	With/Without TSP	Without TSP	

Mechanical Drawing





3. PIN Assignment

Pin No	Symbol	I/O	Function	Remark
1-2	VLED+	P	LED anode	
3-4	VLED-	P	LED cathode	
5	GND	P	Ground	
6	VCOM	P	Common voltage	
7	DVDD	P	Power supply for digital circuits	
8	MODE	I	DE / SYNC mode select. Normally pull high H: DE mode. L: HSD/VSD mode.	
9	DE	I	Data Input Enable. Active High to enable the data input bus under "DE Mode". Normally pull low.	
10	VS	I	Vertical Sync input. Negative polarity. Normally pull high.	
11	HS	I	Horizontal Sync input. Negative polarity. Normally pull high.	
12-19	B7-B0	I	Data bit.	
20-27	G7-G0	I	Data bit.	
28-35	R7-R0	I	Data bit.	
36	GND	P	Ground	
37	DCLK	I	Clock for Input Data. Data latched at rising/falling edge of this signal. Default falling edge	
38	GND	P	Ground	
39	L/R	I	Source Right or Left sequence control. Normally pull high. SHLR = "L", shift left: last data =S1←S2←S3 ←S1200 = first data. SHLR = "H", shift right: first data =S1→S→S3 →S1200 = last data.	
40	U/D	I	Gate Up or Down scan control. Normally pull low. UPDN = "L", STV2 output vertical start pulse and UD pin output logical"0" to Gate driver. UPDN = "H", STV1 output vertical start pulse and UD pin output logical	
41	VGH	P	Gate ON Voltage	
42	VGL	P	Gate OFF Voltage	
43	AVDD	P	Power supply for analog circuits	
44	RESET	I	Global reset pin. Active Low to enter Reset State. Suggest to connecting with an RC reset circuit for stability. Normally pull high.	
45	NC	-	No connection	
46	VCOM	P	Common voltage	

LCD MODULE

T	.CD	700	DΤ	RI_{-}	∩ 3_	.10	MN
ட	\sim	/ ()()	ŊL	/LDJ-	().)-	(ハハヽ

Pin No	Symbol	I/O	Function	Remark
47	DITHB		Dithering function enable control. Normally pull high	
48	GND	P	Ground	
49-50	NC	-	No connection	

PS: For further details, please refer to EK73002AB&E17913CA data sheet.



4. Absolute Maximum Rating

AGND = GND = 0V, $Ta = 25^{\circ}$ C

Version: 1.2 Apr.07.2020

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Remark
Power Voltage	DVDD	-0.5	5	V	
Operating Temperature	T_{OPR}	-20	70	° C	
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	-30	70	° C	

The absolute maximum rating values of this product are not allowed to be exceeded at any times. Should a module be used with any of the absolute maximum ratings exceeded, the characteristics of the module may not be recovered, or in an extreme case, the module may be permanently destroyed.

5. Electrical Characteristics

5.1. Recommended Operating Condition

AGND = GND = 0V, $Ta = 25^{\circ}$ C

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit	Remark
	DVDD	1.8	3.3	3.6	V	
	VCOM	2.8	3.8	4.8	V	
Power Voltage	VGH	15.3	16	16.7	V	
_	VGL	-7.7	-7	-6.3	V	
	AVDD	10.2	10.4	10.6	V	
Input logic high voltage	Vih	0.7 VDD	-	VDD	V	
Input logic low voltage	Vil	0	-	0.3VDD	V	

5. 2. Recommended Driving Condition for Backlight

 $Ta = 25^{\circ} C$

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit	Remark
Forward Voltage	Vf	8.7	9.6	10.5	V	
Forward Current	If		140		mA	
Operating Life Time	-	20000			Hours	

Note 1:The LED supply voltage is defined by the number of LED at Ta=25 $^{\circ}$ C and If=140mA.

Note 2:The "Operating Life Time" is defined as the module brightness decrease to 50% original brightness at Ta=25°C and If = 140 mA. The LED lifetime could be decreased if operating If is larger than 140 mA.



6. Timing Characteristics

6.1. AC Electrical Characteristics

AC Characteristics

 $(TA = -20 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C}, VDD = 1.8 \text{ to } 3.6\text{V}, AVDD = 6.5 \text{ to } 13.5\text{V}, GND = AVSS = 0\text{V})$

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
VDD Power On Slew rate	TPOR	From 0V to 90% VDD		_	20	ms
RSTB pulse width	TRST	CLKIN = 40MHz	1	-	-	ms
CLKIN cycle time	Tcph	-	20	1-	\$ 1	ns
CLKIN pulse duty	Tcwh	-	40	50	> 60	%
VSD setup time	Tvst	- "	//8//	1-70	023	ns
VSD hold time	Tvhd	-	18	70 -		ns
HSD setup time	Thst	-	38	-	(-)	ns
HSD hold time	Thhd	-	8	-	10 7 1	ns
Data set-up time	Tdsu	D0[7:0], D1[7:0], D2[7:0] to CLKIN	/8	-	823	ns
Data hold time	Tdhd	D0[7:0], D1[7:0], D2[7:0] to CLKIN	8	(-	82	ns
DEN setup time	Tesu	- July 115	8	-	(-)	ns
DEN hold time	Tehd	- 8 11	8	~	\$ <u>5</u> 5	ns
Output stable time	Tsst	10% to 90%-target veltage: CL=120pF, R=10K ghm		-	6	us



6. 2.DC Electrical Characteristics

DC Characteristics

 $(TA = -20 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C}, VDD = 1.8 \text{ to } 3.6\text{V}, AVDD = 6.5 \text{ to } 13.5\text{V}, GND = AVSS = 0\text{V})$

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Low level input voltage	Vil	For the digital circuit	0	18.5	0.3×VDD	V
High level input voltage	Vih	For the digital circuit	0.7×VDD	- 0	VDD	٧
Input leakage current	li	For the digital circuit	-	11-00	<u></u> ‡1	μΑ
High level output voltage	Voh	loh= -400 μA	VDD-0.4		JI.	٧
Low level output voltage	Vol	Iol= +400 μA		20	GND+0.4	٧
Pull low/high resistor	Ri	For the digital input pin @ VDD=3.3V	150K	250K	350K	ohm
Digital Operation current	ldd	Fclk=40 MHz, FLD=37.88KHz, VDD=3.3V	-	8	10	mA
Digital Stand-by current	lst1	Clock and all functions are stopped	111-110	10	50	μА
Analog Operating Current	ldda	No load Fclk=40MHz, FLD=37.88KHz @ AVDD=10V,V1=8V, V14=0.4V	90	10	12	mA
Analog Stand-by current	lst2	No load, Clock and all functions are stopped	_	10	50	μА
Input level of V1-V7	Vref1	Gamma correction voltage input	0.4*AVDD	-	AVDD-0.1	٧
Input level of V8 ~ V14	Vief2	Gamma correction voltage input	0.1	-	0.6*AVDD	٧
Output Voltage deviation	Vod1	♥o = AVSS+0.1V ~ AVSS+0.5V and Vo = AVDD-0.5V ~ AVDD-0.1V	-	±20	±35	mV
Output Voltage deviation	Vod2	Vo = AVSS+0.5V ~ AVDD-0.5V	_	±15	±20	mV
Output Voltage Offset between Chips	Voc	Vo = AVSS+0.5V ~ AVDD-0.5V	-	17.)	±20	mV
Dynamic Range of Output	Vdr	SO1 ~ SO1200	0.1	(2)	AVDD-0.1	٧
Sinking Current of Outputs	IOLy	SO1 ~ SO1200; Vo=0.1V v.s 1.0V , AVDD=13.5V	80	-	-	uA
Driving Current of Outputs	ЮНу	SO1 ~ SO1200; Vo=13.4V v.s 12.5V , AVDD=13.5V	80	-	-	uA
Resistance of Gamma Table	Rg	Rn: Internal gamma resistor	0.7*Rn	1.0*Rn	1.3*Rn	ohm



LCD MODULE Version: 1.2 Apr.07.2020 LCD700RLBJ-03-100N

6.3.Timing

For 800 × 480 panel

Horizontal input timing

Parameter		Symbol		Value		Unit
Horizontal display area		thd		800		DCLK
DCLK frequency		folk	Min.	Typ.	Max	
		fclk	-	33.3	\ 50	MHz
1 Horizontal Line		th	862	1056	1200	
	Min.			$ \alpha$		
HSD pulse width	Typ.	thpw		~ N'-N NV		DCLK
	Max.			1/240 //		DOLK
HSD Back Porch (Blanking)		thb	46	>\\46 [\]	46	
HSD Front Porch		thfp	((18))/	<u>>2</u> 10	354	

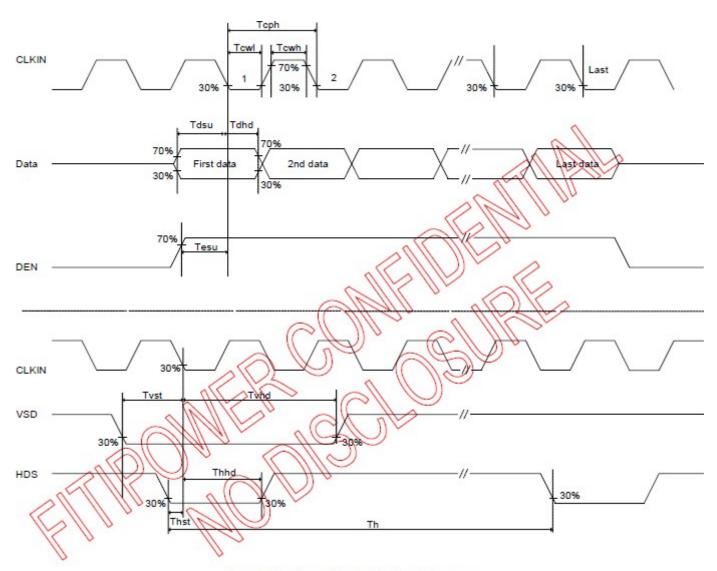
Vertical input timing

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vertical display area	0	2// M/d/)		480		Н
VSD period time	//	n th	(510))) 525	650	Н
VSD pulse width		💙 tvpw ((1(1)	-	20	Н
VSD Back Porch (Blanking)	/	tvb)23	23	23	Н
VSD Front Porch		(tvfp	7	22	147	Н

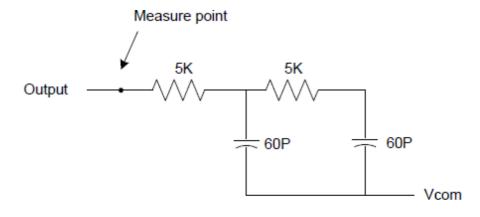
Parallel 24-bit RGB Mode

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
CLKIN Frequency	\Fclk\\	∀DD = 1.8V ~3.6V	-	33.3	50	MHz
CLKIN Cycle Time	Talk	-	20	30	-	ns
CLKIN Polse Duty	Tcwh	Tclk= Tcwh + cwl	40	50	60	%
CERTIFICACION DURY	Tcwl	TCIK= TCWn + CWI	40	50	-60	%
VSD to STV	Tstv	HV mode	-	24	-	Н
DEN to STV	Tstv	DE mode	-	4	-	CLKIN
STV pulse width	Twstv	-	-	0.5	-	Н
STV to CKV	Tckv	-	-	18	-	CLKIN
STV to OEV	Toev	-	-	2	-	CLKIN
CKV Pulse Width	Twckv	-	-	66	-	CLKIN
OEV Pulse Width	Twoev	-	-	50	-	CLKIN

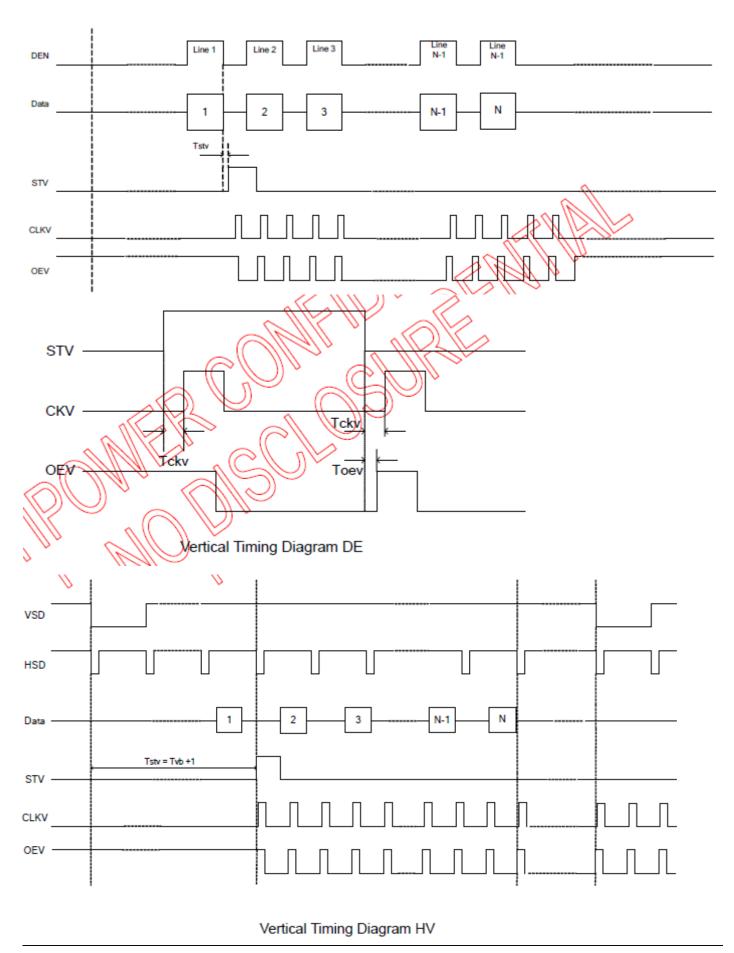




Input Clock and Data Timing Diagram

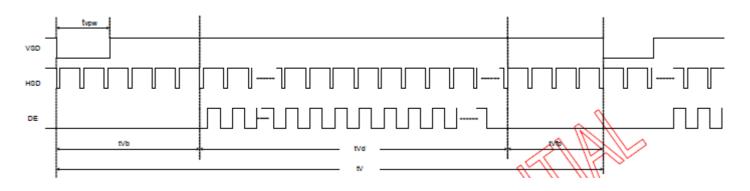


Output load condition

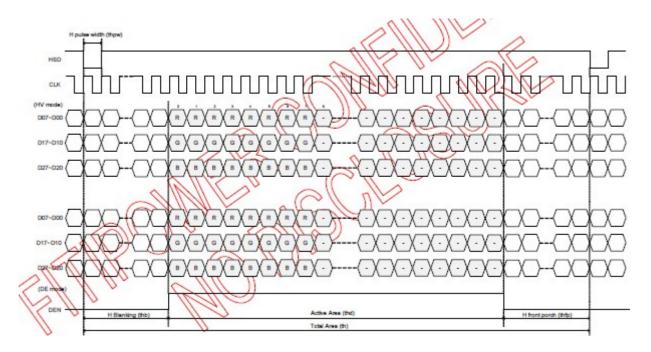




6.4. Data input format



Vertical input timing



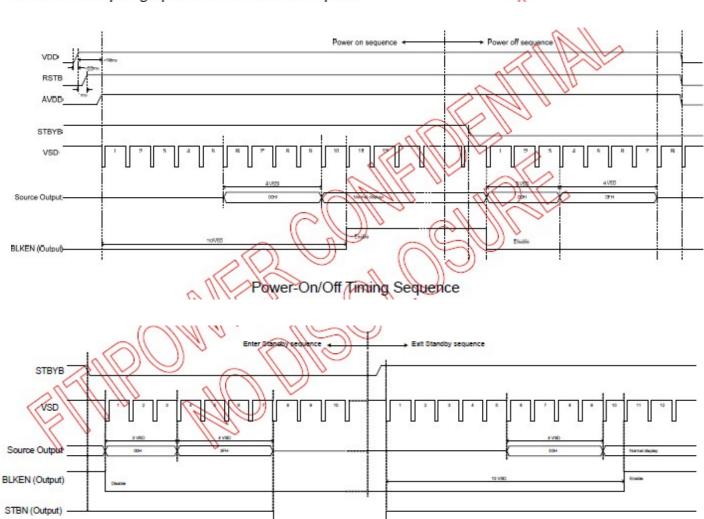
Horizontal input timing



6.5. Power on/off sequence

In order to prevent IC from power on reset fail, the rising time (TPOR) of the digital power supply VDD should be maintained within the given specifications. Refer to "AC Characteristics" for more detail on timing.

This is another paragraph of sub-function description.



Enter and Exit Standby Mode Sequence



7. Optical Characteristics

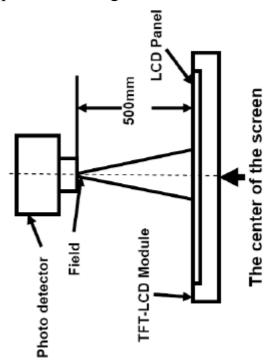
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark
	θТ		40	50			
77' A 1	θВ	CD > 10	60	70		Degree	N
View Angles	θΓ	CR≥10	60	70			Note 2
	θR		60	70			
Contrast Ratio	CR	θ = 0°	(400)	(500)			Note 1 Note 3
D T'	T_{ON}	25° C	-	10	20	ms	Note 1
Response Time	T_{OFF}			15	30		Note 4
Claramaticity W _x	X		0.278	0.308	0.338		Note 1
Chromaticity W_y	у		0.297	0.327	0.357		Note 5
Uniformity	U		75			%	Note 5
Luminance	L		320	400		cd/m ²	Note 1
Lummance	L		320	400		Cu/III	Note 5

Test Conditions:

- 1. $I_f = 140 \text{mA}(Backlight current), DVDD=3.3V$, the ambient temperature is 25° C.
- 2. The test systems refer to Note 2.

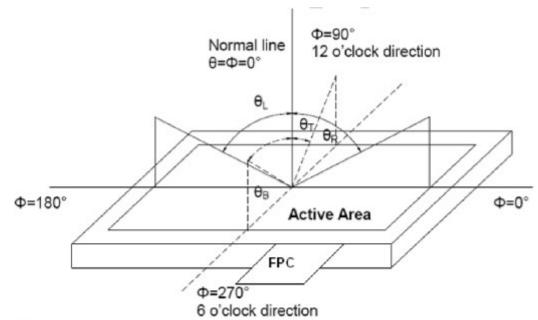
Note1: Definition of optical measurement system.

The optical characteristics should be measured in dark room. After 5Minutes operation, the optical properties are measured at the center point of the LCD screen. ALL input terminals LCD panel must be ground when measuring the center area of the panel.



Item	Photo detector	Field
Contrast Ratio		
Luminance	CS1000	1°
Lum Uniformity		
Chromaticity	CS1000	
Response Time	DMS703	
		-

Note2: Definition of viewing angle range and measurement system. Viewing angle is measured at the center point of the LCD by CONOSCOPE (DMS703)



Note3: Definition of contrast ratio



Contrast ratio (CR) = Luminance measured when LCD is on the "White" state

Luminance measured when LCD is on the "Black" state

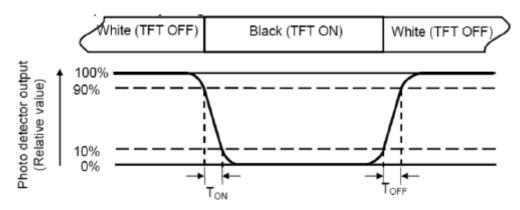
"White state ": The state is that the LCD should drive by Vwhite.

"Black state":The state is that the LCD should drive by Vblack.

Vwhite: To be determined Vblack: To be determined

Note4:Definition of Response time

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black" state. Rise time (T_{ON}) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time (T_{OFF}) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%.



Note5:Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931)

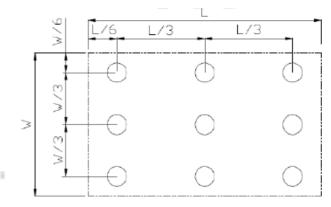
Color coordinates measured at center point of LCD.

Note6: Definition of Luminance Uniformity

Active area is divided into 9 measuring areas(Refer Fig.2). Every measuring point is placed at the center of each measuring area.

Luminance Uniformity (U)=Lmin/Lmax

L-----Active area length W----- Active area width



L max: The measured Maximum luminance of all measurement position.

L min: The measured Minimum luminance of all measurement position.

Note7: Definition of luminance: Measure the luminance of white state at center point.



8. Environmental/Reliability Test

No.	Test Item	Test Condition	Inspection after test
1	High Temperature Storage	70±2°C/240 hours	-
2	Low Temperature Storage	-30±2 °C/240 hours	Inspection after
3	High Temperature Operating	70±2°C/240 hours	2~4hours storage at room temperature,the
4	Low Temperature Operating	-20±2°C/240 hours	sample shall be free from defects:
5	Temperature Cycle	-30°C~25°C~70°C × 10cycles (30min.) (5min.) (30min.)	1.Air bubble in the LCD;2.Sealleak;3.Non-display;
6	Damp Proof Test	60°C±5°C×90%RH/120 hours	4.missing segments;
7	Vibration Test	Frequency: 10Hz~55Hz~10Hz Amplitude: 1.5mm, X, Y, Z direction for total 3hours (Packing condition)	5.Glass crack; 6.Current Idd is twice higher than initial value.
8	Dropping test	Drop to the ground from 1m height, one time, every side of carton. (Packing condition)	
9	ESD test	Voltage:±8KV R: 330Ω C: 150pF Air discharge, 10time Voltage:±6KV R: 330Ω C: 150pF Contact discharge, 10time	

Remark:

- 1. The test samples should be applied to only one test item.
- 2. Sample size for each test item is 5~10pcs.
- 3. For Damp Proof Test, Pure water(Resistance>10M Ω) should be used.
- 4. In case of malfunction defect caused by ESD damage, if it would be recovered to normal state after resetting, it would be judge as a good part.
- 5. Failure Judgment Criterion: Basic Specification, Electrical Characteristic, Mechanical Characteristic, Optical Characteristic.
- 6. Please use automatic switch menu(or roll menu) testing mode when test operating mode.



9. Packing Drawing(TBD)



10. Standard Specifications For Product Quality

10.1. Manner of test:

- The test must be under 40W fluorescent light, and the distance of view must be at 10.1.1 30±10cm.
 - Room temperature $25\pm5^{\circ}$ C Humidity: $(60\pm10)\%$ RH. 10.1.2

10.2. Quality specification

It shall be based on GB2828-87, inspection level II.

	IETM	CHECK LEVEL	AQL	
	1.Liquid crystal leakage			
	2.Wrong polarizer			
MAJOR	3.Outside dimension	II	0.25	
(MA)	4. Bright dot Dark dot	11	0.23	
	5. Display abnormal			
	6. Class crack			
	1. Spot Defect (Including black spot, white spot,			
	pinhole, foreign particle, bubbles, hurt)			
	2. fragment			
MINOR	3. Line Defect (Including black line, white line,	II	1.0	
(MI)	cratch)	11	1.0	
	4. Incision defect			
	5. Newton's ring			
	6. Other visual defects			

Definition of area: 10.3.

10.3.1 I area: viewing area

II " area: outside viewing area

10.4. Standard of appearance test for I area: (unit: mm)

NOTE: Defect ignore for II area.

Version: 1.2 Apr.07.2020

I



10.4.1 Bright/Dark Dots explain

Name	Explain	Definition
Bright dot	Dots appear bright and unchanged in size in which LCD panel is displaying under black pattern	The definition of dot: The size of a defective dot over 1/2 of single
Dark dot	Dots appear dark and unchanged in size in which LCD panel is displaying under pure red, green, blue pattern.	pixel dot is regarded as one defective dot. NOTE: One pixel consists of 3 sub-pixels, including R,G, and B dot.(Sub-pixel = Dot)
ADJACE NT DOT	Adjacent two sub-pixel are defect (define two dot defect)	

10.4.2 Inspection standard

Nº	Items	lai u	Criterion	Checking Manner	Defect Classes
		Under 6" (contain 6")	Bright dot: 2 Dark dot: N≤4 Note: be more than 5mm apart	Wallie	Classes
1	Bright/dark dot	6"-12"	Bright dot: N≤4 Dark dot: N≤5 Total Bright and Dark Dots: N≤8 Note: 1. Two bright dot defects (red, green, blue, and white) should be larger than 15mm; 2. The distance between black dot defects or black and bright dot defects should be more than 5mm apart.	Checking with eyes	MAJ
	Spot Defect (Including black spot.white spot. Pinhole.foreign	Under 6" (contain 6")	D≤0.1 Ignore 0.1 <d≤0.35 n≤3<br="">0.35<d n="0</td"><td></td><td></td></d></d≤0.35>		
2	particle.bubbles.h urt) X D=(X+Y)/2	6"-12"	D≤0.3 Ignore 0.3 <d≤0.6 n≤4<br="">0.6<d n="0</td"><td>Checking with eyes</td><td>MIN</td></d></d≤0.6>	Checking with eyes	MIN



№	Items		Criterion	Checking manner	Defect classes
3	Line Defect (Including black Line.white line. scratch)	Under 6" (contain 6")	W≤0.02 Ignore 0.02 < W≤0.04 L≤5 N≤2 0.04 < W≤0.06 L≤5 N≤1 W>0.06 N=0	Checking	MIN
3	L T	6"-12"	W≤0.07 Ignore 0.07 < W≤0.1 L≤10 N≤4 W > 0.1 N=0	with eyes	IVIIIN
4	Display abnormal	Not allowed		Checking with eyes	MAJ
5	Outside dimension	Accord with dra	wing	Callipers	MAJ
6	Class crack	Not allowed	Checking with eyes	MAJ	
7	Leak	Not allowed	Checking with eyes	MAJ	
8	Comer fragment	X≤3 Y≤3 Z≤ Note: 1.No hurt identification thickness	Checking with eyes	MIN	
	Side fragment	Note: 1. No hurt identify	gnore fying .wire.seal ckness X: Length Y: Width Z:	Checking with eyes	MIN
9	Step fragment	$Y \le 1$ and $Y \le 1/$	Checking with eyes	MIN	
	Incision defect	Y≤1 and accord	Checking with eyes	MIN	

LCD MODULE LCD700RL

LCD700RLBJ-03-100N

№	Items	Criterion	Checking manner	Defect classes
	Newton's ring (CTP or Cover board)	Under 6" D\(\frac{25}{25}\) N\(\frac{3}{25}\) N=0	Checking	
10	D=(X+Y)/2	6"-12" D \le 70 N \le 5 D \rightarrow 70 N = 0	with eyes	MIN



11. Precautions for Use of LCD Modules

11.1 Handing Precautions

(1) The display panel is made of glass and polarizer. As glass is fragile. It tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it or impact.

(2) If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap

and water.

- (3) Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary. Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degraded insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer).
- (4) The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully. Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass,tweezers, etc.). Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on. Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizer. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with room temperature air.
- (5) If the display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents
 - Isopropyl alcohol
 - Ethyl alcohol

Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.

- (6) Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following.
 - Water
 - Ketone
 - Aromatic solvents

Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading. Avoid contacting oil and fats.

- (7) Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment.
- (8) Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I O cable or the backlight cable.
 - (9) Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.
 - (10) NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.
 - (11) If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- (12) Electro-Static Discharge Control, Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid to electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC. To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.



- Before remove LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential.Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD modules.
- Tools required for assembling, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded. make certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak. When using an electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screwdriver should be of ground potentiality to minimize as much as possible any transmission of electromagnetic waves produced sparks coming from the commutator of the motor.
- To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembling and other work under dry conditions. To reduce the generation of static electricity be careful that the air in the work is not too dried. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended. As far as possible make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the work bench the ground potential.

The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Exercise care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.

- (13)Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
 - Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.
 - Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.
 - Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.
 - Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal connector.
 - Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.
 - Do not drop, bend or twist LCM.

11.2 Storage Precautions

When storing the LCD modules, the following precaution is necessary.

- (1) Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for the dessicant.
- (2) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C.
- (3) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects. (We advise you to store them in the container in which they were shipped).

11.3 Others

Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature.

If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.

To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc., exercise care to avoid holding the following



sections when handling the modules.

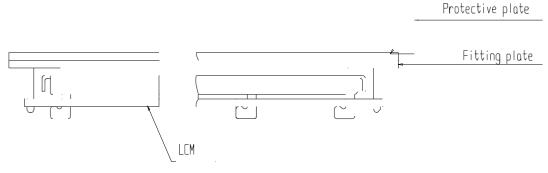
- Exposed area of the printed circuit board.
- -Terminal electrode sections.

11.4 USING LCDMODULES

Installing LCD Modules

The hole in the printed circuit board is used to fix LCM as shown in the picture below. Attend to the following items when installing the LCM.

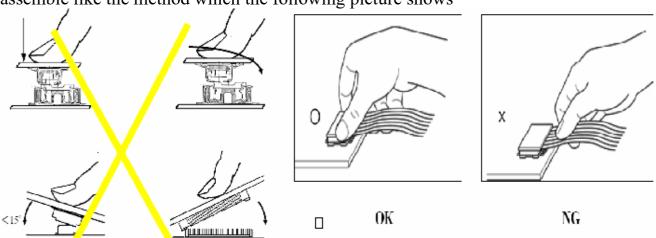
(1) Cover the surface with a transparent protective plate to protect the polarizer and LC cell.



(2) When assembling the LCM into other equipment, the spacer to the bit between the LCM and the fitting plate should have enough height to avoid causing stress to the module surface, refer to the individual specifications for measurements. The measurement tolerance should be ± 0.1 mm.

Precaution for assemble the module with BTB connector:

Please note the position of the male and female connector position,don't assemble or assemble like the method which the following picture shows



Precaution for soldering to the LCM

	Hand soldering	Machine drag	Machine press soldering
No ROHS	290°C~350°C.	330°C ~350°C.	300°C~330C.
Product	Time : 3-5S.	Speed: 4-8mm/s.	Time : 3-6S.
			Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa
ROHS	340°C~370°C.	350°C ~370°C.	330°C~360C.
Product	Time : 3-5S.	Time : 4-8 mm/s.	Time : 3-6S.
			Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa

(1) If soldering flux is used, be sure to remove any remaining flux after finishing to



soldering operation. (This does not apply in the case of a non-halogen type of flux.) It is recommended that you protect the LCD surface with a cover during soldering to prevent any damage due to flux spatters.

(2) When soldering the electroluminescent panel and PC board, the panel and board should not be detached more than three times. This maximum number is determined by the temperature and time conditions mentioned above, though there may be some variance depending on the temperature of the soldering iron.

(3) When remove the electroluminescent panel from the PC board, be sure the solder has

completely melted, the soldered pad on the PC board could be damaged.

Precautions for Operation

- (1) It is an indispensable condition to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage then the limit cause the shorter LCD life. An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD's undesirable deterioration, so that the use of direct current drive should be avoided.
- (2) Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature than the operating temperature range and on the other hand at higher temperature LCD's show dark color in them. However those phenomena do not mean malfunction or out of order with LCD's, Which will come back in the specified operating temperature.
- (3 If the display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and then back on.
- (4) A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electro-chemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit. Usage under the maximum operating temperature,50%RH or less is required.
 - (5) Input each signal after the positive/negative voltage becomes stable.
- (6) Please keep the temperature within specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.

Safety

- (1) It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.
- (2) If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.
 - (3) WEEE order must be executed in product scrap.

11.5The disposal of waste

For waste disposal, our recommendations are as follows, please refer to your company and the relevant provisions of the state laws and regulations of the act accordingly

- 1. Packing materials disposal for our packaging (carton/PS tray/EPE tray/PET tray)
- 1)Our company used to recycle and reuse materials, packing materials can be you just need to transfer to material recycling companies
 - 2. Our scrap module can't be recycled for reuse, so please dispose of,
- 1) Our scrap module can't be recycled for reuse, products and components are "served" can lead to accidents
- 2) Our scrap can be transfer to material recycling companies, dismantling, to ensure that scrap in relatively advanced technology products, environmental protection measures of relatively perfect environment for processing.

LCD MODULE LCD7

LCD700RLBJ-03-100N

3. WEEE order must be executed in product scrap.

12. Prior Consult Matter

1. ①For standard products, we keep the right to change material, process ... for improving the product property without notice on our customer.

②For OEM products, if any change needed which may affect the product property, we

will consult with our customer in advance.

2. If you have special requirement about reliability condition, please let us know before you start the test on our samples.

13. Factory

FACTORY NAME: LCD Mikroelektronik GmbH

FACTORY ADDRESS: Otto-Lilienthal-Str. 13, D-76275 Ettlingen